# Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

# Town of Sabattus, Maine

June 30, 2017



Proven Expertise and Integrity

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# JUNE 30, 2017

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### **Proven Expertise and Integrity**

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Selectmen Town of Sabattus Sabattus, Maine

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sabattus, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Sabattus, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sabattus, Maine as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension information on pages 4 through 11 pages 45 through 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Sabattus, Maine's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations – General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations – General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures,

including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations – General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2017, on our consideration of the Town of Sabattus, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Sabattus, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine December 12, 2017

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2017

### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Sabattus, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

### **Financial Statement Overview**

The Town of Sabattus' basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule and pension schedules, and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the Town's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position – this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities – this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above mentioned financial statements have one column for the Town's one type of activity. The type of activity presented for the Town of Sabattus is:

 Governmental activities – The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). All of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include general government, public safety, public works, sanitation, general assistance, recreation, education, and unclassified.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Sabattus, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Sabattus are categorized as governmental funds.

Governmental funds: All of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Town.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Town of Sabattus presents only two columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Town's major governmental fund is the general fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Nonmajor Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the Town legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, a Schedule of Contributions and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position, and changes in net position of the Town's governmental activities. The Town's total net position increased by \$578,245 from \$4,147,646 to \$4,725,891.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased to a balance of \$2,752,790 at the end of this year.

Table 1
Town of Sabattus, Maine
Net Position
June 30,

Assets         Current Assets       \$ 3,234,185       \$ 2,693,093         Other Assets       3,419,200       3,846,600         Capital Assets       3,107,247       3,206,312         Total Assets       9,760,632       9,746,005         Deferred Outflows of Resources         Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions       260,138       178,022         Total Deferred Outflows of Resources       260,138       178,022         Liabilities       806,875       778,272         Long-term Debt Outstanding       4,364,963       4,844,332         Total Liabilities       5,171,838       5,622,604         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Prepaid Taxes       13,660       10,943         Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions       109,381       142,834         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       123,041       153,777         Net Position       Net Investment in Capital Assets       1,960,659       1,851,447         Restricted       12,442       281,060         Unrestricted       2,752,791       2,015,139		2017	2016
Other Assets         3,419,200         3,846,600           Capital Assets         3,107,247         3,206,312           Total Assets         9,760,632         9,746,005           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Liabilities           Current Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Long-term Debt Outstanding         4,364,963         4,844,332           Total Liabilities         5,171,838         5,622,604           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Assets		
Capital Assets       3,107,247       3,206,312         Total Assets       9,760,632       9,746,005         Deferred Outflows of Resources         Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions       260,138       178,022         Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         Current Liabilities         Current Liabilities       806,875       778,272         Long-term Debt Outstanding       4,364,963       4,844,332         Total Liabilities       5,171,838       5,622,604         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Prepaid Taxes       13,660       10,943         Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions       109,381       142,834         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       123,041       153,777         Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets       1,960,659       1,851,447         Restricted       12,442       281,060	Current Assets	\$ 3,234,185	\$ 2,693,093
Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions         260,138         178,022           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Long-term Debt Outstanding         4,364,963         4,844,332           Total Liabilities         5,171,838         5,622,604           Deferred Inflows of Resources         13,660         10,943           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Other Assets	3,419,200	3,846,600
Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions         260,138         178,022           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Long-term Debt Outstanding         4,364,963         4,844,332           Total Liabilities         5,171,838         5,622,604           Deferred Inflows of Resources         13,660         10,943           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Capital Assets	3,107,247	3,206,312
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions         260,138         178,022           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Current Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Long-term Debt Outstanding         4,364,963         4,844,332           Total Liabilities         5,171,838         5,622,604           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Total Assets		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions         260,138         178,022           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         260,138         178,022           Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Current Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Long-term Debt Outstanding         4,364,963         4,844,332           Total Liabilities         5,171,838         5,622,604           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Liabilities         806,875         778,272           Long-term Debt Outstanding         4,364,963         4,844,332           Total Liabilities         5,171,838         5,622,604           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060		260 138	178 022
Liabilities         Current Liabilities       806,875       778,272         Long-term Debt Outstanding       4,364,963       4,844,332         Total Liabilities       5,171,838       5,622,604         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Prepaid Taxes       13,660       10,943         Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions       109,381       142,834         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       123,041       153,777         Net Position       Net Investment in Capital Assets       1,960,659       1,851,447         Restricted       12,442       281,060			
Current Liabilities       806,875       778,272         Long-term Debt Outstanding       4,364,963       4,844,332         Total Liabilities       5,171,838       5,622,604         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Prepaid Taxes       13,660       10,943         Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions       109,381       142,834         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       123,041       153,777         Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets       1,960,659       1,851,447         Restricted       12,442       281,060	Total Deferred Outflows of Nesources	200,130	170,022
Long-term Debt Outstanding       4,364,963       4,844,332         Total Liabilities       5,171,838       5,622,604         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Prepaid Taxes       13,660       10,943         Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions       109,381       142,834         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       123,041       153,777         Net Position       1,960,659       1,851,447         Restricted       12,442       281,060	Liabilities		
Deferred Inflows of Resources         13,660         10,943           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Current Liabilities	806,875	778,272
Deferred Inflows of Resources           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Long-term Debt Outstanding	4,364,963	4,844,332
Deferred Inflows of Resources           Prepaid Taxes         13,660         10,943           Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Total Liabilities	5,171,838	5,622,604
Prepaid Taxes       13,660       10,943         Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions       109,381       142,834         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       123,041       153,777         Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets       1,960,659       1,851,447         Restricted       12,442       281,060			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions         109,381         142,834           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         123,041         153,777           Net Position         Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Prepaid Taxes	13,660	10,943
Net Position         123,041         153,777           Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	·		•
Net Position         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Investment in Capital Assets         1,960,659         1,851,447           Restricted         12,442         281,060		•	
Restricted 12,442 281,060	Net Position		
,	Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,960,659	1,851,447
Unrestricted 2,752,791 2,015,139	Restricted	12,442	281,060
	Unrestricted	2,752,791	2,015,139
Total Net Position \$ 4,725,892 \$ 4,147,646	Total Net Position	\$ 4,725,892	\$ 4,147,646

# **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities decreased by .58%, while total expenses increased by 4.20%. The decrease in revenues was mostly due to grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, offset mostly by taxes. The increase in expenses was primarily due to an increase in education.

Table 2
Town of Sabattus, Maine
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	2017	2016
_		
Revenues		
Program Revenues:	0 405 704	Φ 400.470
Charges for services	\$ 105,704	\$ 102,179
Operating grants and contributions	43,536	44,541
General Revenues:		
Taxes	6,414,782	6,204,463
Grants and contributions not restricted to		
specific programs	469,800	740,838
Investment income	7,130	3,803
Other income	106,187	92,946
Total Revenues	7,147,139	7,188,770
Expenses		
General government	1,008,840	959,474
Public safety	738,644	760,339
Public works	574,685	516,477
Sanitation	193,402	190,206
General assistance	, -	1,386
Recreation	3,463	3,650
Education	3,600,191	3,346,074
County tax	314,816	307,449
Capital outlay	5,482	-
Overlay	8,174	4,229
Unclassified	32,585	96,536
Interest on long-term debt	32,723	32,773
Unallocated depreciation (Note 4)	55,889	85,743
Total Expenses	6,568,894	6,304,336
Change in Net Position	578,245	884,434
Net Position - July 1	4,147,646	3,263,212
Net Position - June 30	\$ 4,725,891	\$ 4,147,646

### Financial Analysis of the Town's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Town of Sabattus, Maine
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

Major Funds: General Fund:	2017		2016
Nonspendable	\$	38,858	\$ 39,293
Assigned		127,005	127,005
Unassigned		1,621,669	 1,340,811
Total Major Funds	\$	1,787,532	\$ 1,507,109
	_		
Nonmajor Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds:			
Restricted	\$	-	\$ 268,642
Committed		321,862	53,229
Unassigned		(14,797)	(14,319)
Capital Projects Funds:			
Committed		-	605,348
Assigned		838,352	-
Unassigned		(5,293)	(15,877)
Permanent Funds:			
Restricted		12,442	 12,418
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	1,152,566	\$ 909,441

The general fund total fund balance increased by \$280,423 from the prior fiscal year. The nonmajor fund balances increased by \$243,125 from the prior fiscal year.

### **Budgetary Highlights**

There were no differences between the original budget and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded the budget by \$168,649. This was a result of nearly all revenue categories being receipted in excess of the budgeted amounts.

The general fund actual expenditures were under budget by \$256,775. All expenditure categories were within or below budget.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2017, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the Town decreased by \$99,065 from the prior year. This decrease was due to capital additions of \$94,980, less current year depreciation of \$194,045. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

Table 4
Town of Sabattus, Maine
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

	2017	2016
Land	\$ 117,491	\$ 117,491
Buildings, building improvements and land improvements	1,026,973	1,075,730
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	740,346	770,584
Infrastructure	1,222,437	1,242,507
Total	\$ 3,107,247	\$ 3,206,312

#### Debt

At June 30, 2017, the Town had \$4,422,200 in bonds outstanding versus \$5,003,600 last year. Other obligations include capital leases payable, accrued vacation and sick time and net pension liability. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The Town has steadily maintained a sufficient unassigned fund balance to sustain government operations for a period of approximately two months, while also maintaining reserve accounts for future capital and program needs.

## **Contacting the Town's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Treasurer's Office at P.O. Box 190, Sabattus, Maine 04280.



## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,697,437
Investments  Accounts receivable (not of allowance for uncellectibles):		178,411
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):  Taxes/liens		319,479
Inventory		12,898
Tax acquired property		25,960
Total current assets		3,234,185
	1	
Noncurrent assets:  Receivable for long-term debt obligations from RSU No. 4  Capital assets:		3,419,200
Land and other assets not being depreciated		117,491
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation		2,989,756
Total noncurrent assets		6,526,447
TOTAL ASSETS		9,760,632
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		260,138
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		260,138
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	10,020,770
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	•	00.500
Accounts payable	\$	36,523
Planning board escrow		2,005
Current portion of long-term obligations Total current liabilities		768,347 806,875
		000,073
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		0.040.000
Bonds payable		3,840,800
Capital leases payable Net pension liability		89,311 434,852
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,364,963
	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	5,171,838
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Prepaid taxes		13,660
Deferred inflows related to pensions		109,381
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		123,041
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		1,960,659
Restricted		12,442
Unrestricted		2,752,791
TOTAL NET POSITION		4,725,892
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	10,020,771

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Program Revenues							let (Expense) Revenue d Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Grant		perating Capital rants & Grants & Contributions		rants &		Total Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 1,008,840	\$	51,578	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(957,262)
Public safety	738,644		1,081		-		-		(737,563)
Public works	574,685		18,081		43,536		-		(513,068)
Sanitation	193,402		34,964		-		-		(158,438)
Recreation	3,463		-		-		-		(3,463)
Education	3,600,191				-		-		(3,600,191)
County tax	314,816				_		-		(314,816)
Overlay	8,174		-		-		-		(8,174)
Unclassified	32,585		-		-		-		(32,585)
Interest on long-term debt	32,723		-		_		-		(32,723)
Unallocated depreciation (Note 4)*	55,889		-						(55,889)
Total government	\$ 6,568,894	\$	105,704	\$	43,536	\$	-		(6,419,654)

<sup>\*</sup>This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

## STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

# TOWN OF SABATTUS, MAINE

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Changes in net position:	
Net (expense) revenue	(6,419,654)
General revenues:	
Taxes:	<b>&gt;</b>
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	5,530,290
Excise taxes	884,492
Grants and contributions not restricted to	
specific programs	469,800
Investment income	7,130
Other income	106,187
Total general revenues	6,997,899
Change in net position	578,245
Net position - July 1, 2016	4,147,646
Net position - June 30, 2017	\$ 4,725,891

## BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

			N	lonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance	\$	2,697,437 165,969	\$	12,442	\$	2,697,437 178,411	
for uncollectibles): ` Taxes		222,105		_		222,105	
Liens		97,374		-		97,374	
Inventory		12,898		-		12,898	
Tax acquired property		25,960		-		25,960	
Due from other funds		20,090		1,160,213		1,180,303	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,241,833	\$	1,172,655	\$	4,414,488	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	36,523	\$	-)	\$	36,523	
Planning board escrow		2,005	_	-		2,005	
Due to other funds		1,160,213		20,090		1,180,303	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,198,741		20,090		1,218,831	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Prepaid taxes		13,660		-		13,660	
Deferred revenue		241,900				241,900	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		255,560				255,560	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)							
Nonspendable		38,858		-		38,858	
Restricted		_		12,442		12,442	
Committed		-		321,862		321,862	
Assigned		127,005		838,352		965,357	
Unassigned		1,621,669		(20,090)		1,601,579	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		1,787,532		1,152,566		2,940,098	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	3,241,833	\$	1,172,656	\$	4,414,489	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		Total
	Go	overnmental
		Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,940,098
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation		3,107,247
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds		260,138
Long-term assets are not available in the current period and therefore		
are not reported as assets in the funds:		
Receivable for long-term debt obligations from RSU No. 4		3,419,200
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures		
and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:		
Taxes and liens receivable		241,900
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds payable		(4,422,200)
Capital leases payable		(143,588)
Accrued compensated absences		(132,670)
Net pension liability		(434,852)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
and therefore are not reported in the funds		(109,381)
	Φ	4 705 000
Net position of governmental activities	\$	4,725,892

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		General Nonmajor Fund Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	5,521,990	\$	-	\$	5,521,990
Excise taxes		884,492		-		884,492
Intergovernmental revenues:						
State revenue sharing		288,714		-		288,714
Homestead exemption		130,088		-		130,088
Grants/other		9,497		85,037		94,534
Charges for services		105,704		-		105,704
Investment income		7,106		24		7,130
Other revenue		78,653		27,534		106,187
TOTAL REVENUES		7,026,244		112,595		7,138,839
EXPENDITURES Current:	_					
General government		946,025		-		946,025
Public safety		731,067		-		731,067
Public works		486,583		-		486,583
Sanitation		190,492		-		190,492
Recreation		3,463		-		3,463
County tax		314,816		-		314,816
Education		3,600,191		-		3,600,191
Unclassified		-		32,585		32,585
Overlay		8,174		-		8,174
Debt service						
Principal		-		208,277		208,277
Interest		-		32,723		32,723
Capital outlay		-		60,895		60,895
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		6,280,811		334,480		6,615,291
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		745.433		(221,885)		523.548
		-,		( , )		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		37,910		502,920		540,830
Transfers (out)		(502,920)		(37,910)		(540,830)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(465,010)		465,010		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		280,423		243,125		523,548
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		1,507,109		909,441		2,416,550
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	1,787,532	\$	1,152,566	\$	2,940,098

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$	523,548
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital asset acquisitions  Depreciation expense	_	94,980 (194,045) (99,065)
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds		82,116
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources as revenues in the funds:  Taxes and liens receivable		8,300
Payment of receivable for long-term debt obligations from RSU No. 4		(427,400)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position		635,677
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		33,453
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences  Net pension liability		(22,167) (156,217) (178,384)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$	578,245

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Reporting Entity

The Town of Sabattus was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town operates under the selectmen-town manager form of government and provides the following services: general government services, public safety, public works, sanitation, general assistance, recreation, education, and unclassified.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Town's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Town. We have determined that the Town has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68". The objective of the Statement is to improve financial reporting by instituting a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, thereby expanding the comparability of pension-related information reported by state and local governments. Management has determined that this Statement is not applicable.

Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". The objective of the Statement is to improve the disclosure of information about benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in financial statements of state and local governments. This Statement will improve financial reporting through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures". The objective of the Statement is to improve disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements, making these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. As such, users will be better equipped to understand (1) how tax abatements affect a government's future ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and (2) the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

condition. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units". The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements". The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. Split-interest agreements can be created through trusts or other legally enforceable agreements with characteristics that are equivalent to split-interest agreements—in which a donor transfers resources to an intermediary to hold and administer for the benefit of a government and at least one other beneficiary. Examples of these types of agreements include charitable lead trusts, charitable remainder trusts, and life-interests in real estate. As such, this Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues". The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major and nonmajor funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental. The Town categorizes all activities as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions (general government, public safety, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements & Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Town:

#### 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

### Major Funds

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### Nonmajor Funds

- b. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.
- d. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. The Town's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in governmental activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column, GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### 1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

### Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

### **Budget**

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Early in the second half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the inhabitants of the Town.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. The Town does not adopt budgets for Special Revenue Funds.

### **Deposits and Investments**

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. The Town Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Town of Sabattus has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Maine Statutes.

### Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). In the general fund, inventory consists of diesel fuel and gasoline.

### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$319,479

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

for the year ended June 30, 2017. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2017.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals, and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

### Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years
Infrastructure 50 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years
Vehicles 3 - 25 years

### Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable, capital leases payable, accrued compensated absences, and net pension liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

The Town has long-term debt in its name that was incurred for school purposes. Although the assets were transferred to the new RSU, the Town still maintains this debt in its name. According to the new RSU agreement, the RSU will take over the payments of this debt. Hence, an offsetting receivable has been recorded in the amount of debt outstanding.

### Compensated Absences

The Town's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2017, the Town's liability for compensated absences is \$132,670.

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Consolidated Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidated Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Town meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

Assigned – This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Selectmen.

Unassigned – This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of assigned funds, and then unassigned funds, as needed.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town only has one type of this item, deferred outflows related to pensions that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has only one type of item, deferred tax revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Prepaid taxes also qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions qualifies for reporting in this category as well. This item is reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

### Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied September 7, 2016 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2016, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due on October 11, 2016 and March 1, 2017. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on October 12, 2016 and March 2, 2017, at 7% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay, and amounted to \$77,833 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

### **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

### **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's investment policies, which follow state statutes, require that all investments be made considering the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

### Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2017, the Town's cash balance amounting to \$2,697,437 was comprised of bank deposits of \$2,765,690. All of these deposits were fully covered by federal depository insurance and not exposed to custodial credit risk or were collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the Town's name.

	Bank
Account Type	Balance
Checking accounts	\$ 50,041
Sweep account	2,711,860
Savings accounts	3,790
	\$ 2,765,690

#### Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments. The Town's investment in certificates of deposits of \$178,411 was fully insured by federal depository insurance and not exposed to custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2017, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair			
Investment Type	Value	N/A	< 1 Year	1 - 5 Years
Contification of demonit	¢ 470 444	Φ.	¢ 470 444	ф
Certificates of deposit	\$ 178,411	<u> </u>	\$ 178,411	<u> </u>

Credit risk – Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the Town invests excess funds various insured certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk – is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 3 - LONG-TERM RECEIVABLE

As of July 1, 2010, the Sabattus School Department became a member of Regional School Unit (RSU) No. 4. The RSU Plan requires that the RSU be responsible for payment of all school-related long-term debt on behalf of the Town. As of June 30, 2017, a long-term receivable has been recorded for \$3,419,200, which represents school-related general obligation bonds. The State of Maine Department of Education is responsible for paying approximately 100 percent of the debt service on general obligation bonds directly to the Maine Municipal Bond Bank.

### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017, consisted of the following individual receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due From)		Payables (Due To)
General Fund Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	\$ 1	20,090 321,862 838,351 1,180,303	\$ 1,160,213 14,797 5,293 \$ 1,180,303

### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance 7/1/16	Additions	Disposals	Balance 6/30/17	
Governmental activities Non-depreciated assets:					
Land	\$ 117,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 117,491	
Depreciated assets:				<u> </u>	
Land improvements	187,183	-	-	187,183	
Buildings and improvements	1,698,852	-	-	1,698,852	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	3,032,730	63,109	-	3,095,839	
Infrastructure	1,294,911	31,871		1,326,782	
	6,213,676	94,980	-	6,308,656	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,124,855)	(194,045)		(3,318,900)	
	3,088,821	(99,065)		2,989,756	
Net capital assets	\$ 3,206,312	\$ (99,065)	\$ -	\$ 3,107,247	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del>+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + </del>	+ (30,000)		<del>+ -,,,</del>	

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

### Current year depreciation:

Fire	\$	29,651
Police		17,493
Public Works		88,102
Transfer Station		2,910
Town-wide		55,889
Total depreciation expense	\$	194,045

### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance 7/1/16	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/17	Current Portion
Bonds payable Capital leases payable Accrued compensated	\$ 5,003,600 197,865	\$ -	\$ (581,400) (54,277)	\$ 4,422,200 143,588	\$ 581,400 54,277
absences Net pension liability	110,503 278,636	22,167 160,317	- (4,101)	132,670 434,852	132,670 -
Total	\$ 5,590,604	\$ 182,484	\$ (639,778)	\$ 5,133,310	\$ 768,347

## The following is a summary of the outstanding bonds payable:

\$750,000, Road Construction Bond with Camden National Bank. Interest rate of 2.14% per annum with annual principal payments of \$75,000. Matures in September of 2022.	\$ 450,000
\$790,000, Town Office Building Bond with Camden National Bank. Interest rate of 2.49% per annum with annual principal payments of \$79,000. Matures in October of 2023.	553,000
\$5,128,800, 2005 Series B Elementary School Bond Payable. Interest rate varies from 3% to 7% per annum with annual principal payments of \$427,400. Matures in	
October of 2024.	 3,419,200
	\$ 4,422,200

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of outstanding bond principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

				Total	
	 Principal	 Interest	Debt Service		
	 _	 _			
2018	\$ 581,400	\$ 157,598	\$	738,998	
2019	581,400	134,645		716,045	
2020	581,400	113,757		695,157	
2021	581,400	92,051		673,451	
2022	502,400	70,511		572,911	
2023-2025	1,594,200	80,702		1,674,902	
	\$ 4,422,200	\$ 649,264	\$	5,071,464	

No interest costs were capitalized during the period. The amount of interest costs incurred and charged to expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$26,972.

The following is a summary of outstanding capital leases payable:

Lease payable for fire department extrication equipment. The lease is for five years with annual payments of \$6,201. The effective interest rate is 2.62% per annum. Maturity in July of 2017.

Lease payable for a backhoe loader. The lease is for five years with annual payments of \$16,608. The effective interest rate is 2.96% per annum. Maturity in September of 2018.

Lease payable for public works dump truck. The lease is for five years with annual payments of \$32,740. The effective interest rate is 2.88% per annum. Maturity in November of 2019.

Lease payable for public works tractor. The lease is for five years with annual payments of \$4,527. The effective interest rate is 2.88% per annum. Maturity in December of 2019.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

## NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of outstanding capital lease requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

2018	\$ 60,037
2019	53,874
2020	37,267
Total minimum lease payments	151,178
Less amount representing interest	(7,590)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 143,588

#### NOTE 7 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2017, the Town had the following nonspendable fund balances:

General Fund:

Inventory		\$ 12,898
Tax Acquired Property		25,960
		\$ 38,858

### NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2017, the Town had the following restricted fund balances:

Nonmajor Permanent Funds (See Schedule I)	\$	12,442
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### NOTE 9 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2017, the Town had the following committed fund balances:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Schedule E) \$ 321,862

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 10 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2017, the Town had the following assigned fund balances:

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Planning Board Carryforward	\$ 2,005
Reserved for FY 2018 Budget	125,000
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Schedule G)	838,352
	\$ 965,357

#### NOTE 11 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2017, the Town had the following deficit fund balances:

Police Grants	\$ 11,885
Webster Mill	2,912
Municipal Office Equipment	 5,293
	\$ 20,090

#### NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

# INTERNATIONAL CITY MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION-RETIREMENT CORPORATION

#### **Plan Description**

The Town contributes to a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457 through the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). The plan, available to all Town employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary, in addition to Town contributions, until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) to be held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town's Board of Selectmen. The Town will contribute 5% of normal compensation for the plan year, exclusive of overtime compensation for

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

# NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

employees that participate in the Town's defined benefit plan. The employee's and the Town's matching contribution vests 100% with the employee when contributed. The Town's contributions to the plan including employee contributions for 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$63,553, \$52,857 and \$55,085, respectively.

It is the opinion of the Town's management that the Town has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. Accordingly, the assets and related earnings on plan assets are not included in the financial statements of the Town.

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

# MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

Town employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (800) 451-9800.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60 or 65. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 5.0%.

#### **Contributions**

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. The Town's plan members are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 9.5% of covered payroll. The contribution rates of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group. The Town's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$37,743.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$434,852 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.081842%, which was a decrease of 0.005491% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized total pension expense of \$79,438. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

		PLD F	Plan	
	Deferr	ed Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of R	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,272	\$	27,969
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	46,616	*	- ,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		160,692		66,878
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		9,814		14,534
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		37,743		
Total	\$	260,137	\$	109,381

\$37,743 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PLD Plan
Year ended June 30:	 
2017	\$ 26,232
2018	12,813
2019	48,905
2020	25,063
2021	-
Thereafter	-

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The collective total pension liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

#### Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which dampens the swing in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

#### **Amortization**

The net pension liability of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on an open basis over a period of fifteen years.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 are as follows:

*Investment Rate of Return* - For the PLD Plan, 6.875% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2016 and 7.125% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2015, compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - Members of the consolidated plan for PLDs, 2.750% to 9.00% per year.

Mortality Rates - For participating local districts, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females is used; for all recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females is used.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - 2.20% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2016 and 2.55% for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

	PLD PI	lan
		Long-term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US equities	20%	5.7%
Non-US equities	20%	5.5%
Private equity	10%	7.6%
Real assets:		
Real estate	10%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10%	5.3%
Hard assets	5%	5.0%
Fixed income	25%	2.9%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.875% for 2016 and 7.125% for 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2016 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.875% for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

		% ease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
PLD Plan: Discount rate	5.87	75%	6.875%	7.875%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	721,775 \$	434,852	\$ 164,723

## **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 with the following exceptions.

### Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. For 2016 and 2015, this was 4 years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

#### Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

#### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. For the PLD Plan, the discount rate was decreased from 7.125% to 6.875% and the cost of living benefit increase assumption was changed from 2.55% to 2.20%.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (800) 451-9800.

#### NOTE 14 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

As of June 30, 2017, the Town had overdrafts in the following line items:

Animal control officer	\$ 365
International City Managers Assoc	2,680
MMA dues	113
	\$ 3,158

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Town is a member of the Maine Municipal Association – Worker Compensation Trust Fund ("Fund"). The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain lower costs for worker's compensation coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Town pays an annual premium to the fund for its worker's compensation coverage. The Town's agreement with the Fund provides that the fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies' reinsurance contracts, coverage for claims in excess of \$1,000,000.

The Town has its liability insurance through the Kyes Agency Inc. The Town pays an annual premium for its property and liability coverage. Under the property coverage portion of the policy, coverage is provided after the \$1,000 deductible is met, to \$4,377,412. Under the general liability portion of the policy, coverage is provided after the deductible is met, to \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in total. For the law enforcement liability, the coverage is \$1,000,000 per occurrence and in total with a \$2,500 deductible. For the public official liability, the coverage is \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in total with a \$2,500 deductible. Under the employment practices liability, the coverage is \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in total with a \$2,500 deductible.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2017. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

The Town participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

#### NOTE 17 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

### Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	_	Actual	Positive
Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
\$ 1,507,109	\$ 1,507,109	\$ 1,507,109	\$ -
5,535,285	5,535,285	5,521,990	(13,295)
704,500	704,500	884,492	179,992
260,000	260,000	288,714	28,714
181,463	181,463	130,088	(51,375)
62,276	62,276	9,497	(52,779)
89,431	89,431	105,704	16,273
2,500	2,500	7,106	4,606
60,051	60,051	78,653	18,602
-		37,910	37,910
8,402,615	8,402,615	8,571,263	168,648
1,043,291	1,043,291	946,025	97,266
790,665	790,665	731,067	59,598
508,400	508,400	486,583	21,817
198,739	198,739	190,492	8,247
3,650	3,650	3,463	187
314,817	314,817	314,816	1
	3,600,191	3,600,191	-
	77,833	8,174	69,659
7,040,506	7,040,506	6,783,731	256,775
\$ 1,362,109	\$ 1,362,109	1,787,532	\$ 425,423
\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	-	\$ (125,000)
		579,654 (579,654) \$ 1,787,532	
	Original  \$ 1,507,109  5,535,285 704,500  260,000 181,463 62,276 89,431 2,500 60,051  -  8,402,615  1,043,291 790,665 508,400 198,739 3,650 314,817 3,600,191 77,833 502,920 7,040,506  \$ 1,362,109	\$ 1,507,109 \$ 1,507,109 5,535,285	Original         Final         Actual Amounts           \$ 1,507,109         \$ 1,507,109         \$ 1,507,109           5,535,285         5,535,285         5,521,990           704,500         704,500         884,492           260,000         260,000         288,714           181,463         181,463         130,088           62,276         62,276         9,497           89,431         89,431         105,704           2,500         2,500         7,106           60,051         60,051         78,653           -         -         37,910           8,402,615         8,402,615         8,571,263           1,043,291         1,043,291         946,025           790,665         790,665         731,067           508,400         508,400         486,583           198,739         198,739         190,492           3,650         3,650         3,463           314,817         314,817         314,816           3,600,191         3,600,191         3,600,191           77,833         77,833         8,174           502,920         502,920         502,920           7,040,506         7,040,506

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	 2017	 2016	2015	2014
PLD Plan:				
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.08%	0.09%	0.09%	0.08%
Proportionate share of the net pension				
liability (asset)	\$ 434,852	\$ 278,636	\$ 132,670	\$ 233,177
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 419,734	\$ 457,679	\$ 459,815	\$ 420,588
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-				
employee payroll	103.60%	60.88%	28.85%	55.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the				
total pension liability	81.60%	88.27%	94.10%	87.50%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2017	2016		2015	2014		
PLD Plan:							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 37,743	\$ 37,356	\$	35,699	\$	29,888	
required contribution	 (37,743)	 (37,356)	_	(35,699)		(29,888)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	-	\$		
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 419,734	\$ 457,679	\$	459,815	\$	420,588	
employee payroll	8.99%	8.16%		7.76%		7.11%	

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

## **Changes of Assumptions**

There was a change in the investment rate of return assumption this year from 7.125% to 6.875%. This change was made in the other MainePERS Programs with the 2014 valuation, but is first being recognized in the PLD Consolidated Plan in 2015. In addition to this change, the cost of living benefit increase assumption was changed from 2.55% to 2.20%. Further, those PLDs who had an IUUAL Surplus account received a refund of that account. As a result, there will be no more IUUAL surplus payments reflected beginning with the 2015 valuation. Finally, the amortization methodology for the Pooled Unfunded Actuarial Liability (PUAL) was changed from a fifteen-year open level dollar method to a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss in that year with these amortizations being developed as a level percentage of payroll and amortizing the existing PUAL at the time of this change, July 1, 2015, over a closed fifteen-year period beginning on this date.



### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	F	ariance Positive legative)
Resources (Inflows):					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 5,535,285	\$ 5,535,285	\$ 5,521,990	\$	(13,295)
Motor vehicle excise	700,000	700,000	879,907		179,907
Boat excise	4,500	4,500	4,585		85
Intergovernmental revenues:					
State revenue sharing	260,000	260,000	288,714		28,714
Homestead exemption	181,463	181,463	130,088		(51,375)
Tree growth	8,000	8,000	7,036		(964)
Veterans' reimbursement	4,000	4,000			(4,000)
FEMA/MEMA	-	-	2,381		2,381
Other state/federal funds	50,276	50,276	80		(50,196)
Charges for services:					
Town clerk fees	24,250	24,250	28,287		4,037
Code enforcement	10,000	10,000	21,477		11,477
Animal control	100	100	1,016		916
Planning board	2,000	2,000	1,814		(186)
Transfer station	35,000	35,000	34,964		(36)
Public safety	-	-	65		65
Public works	18,081	18,081	18,081		-
Investment income:					
Regular investment income	2,500	2,500	7,106		4,606
Other revenues:					
Fees/interest on taxes	25,500	25,500	37,906		12,406
Insurance dividends	-	-	4,163		4,163
Gain sale of fuel	2,000	2,000	1,390		(610)
SSD administration	32,000	32,000	33,200		1,200
Proceeds on foreclosures	-	-	526		526
Miscellaneous	551	551	1,468		917
Transfers from other funds	-		37,910		37,910
Amounts Available for					
Appropriation	\$ 6,895,506	\$ 6,895,506	\$ 7,064,154	\$	168,648

# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Original Budget		udget istments		Final Budget		Actual penditures		Variance Positive Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT										
Administration	\$	352,595	\$	_	\$	352,595	\$	344,356	\$	8,239
Wage adjustment	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	25,000	٧	23,603	Ψ	1,397
Social Security & Medicare		83,348		-		83,348		81,408		1,940
Insurance		315,532		-		315,532		285,961		29,571
Boards & committees		22,000		-		22,000		17,504		4,496
Animal control officer		30,313		-		30,313		30,678		(365)
Code enforcement officer		23,250		-		23,250		22,563		687
International City Managers Assoc.		38,140		-		38,140		40,820		(2,680)
ME PERS		70,208		-		70,208		37,910		32,298
Androscoggin Valley Council of Gov.		4,800				4,800		4,742		58
MMA dues		4,400		-		4,400		4,513		(113)
Veterans Memorial Park		3,100				3,100		2,175		925
Androscoggin Chamber of Commerce		255				255		′ -		255
Professional services		70,350		-		70,350		49,792		20,558
Total		1,043,291		-	$\overline{}$	1,043,291		946,025		97,266
PUBLIC SAFETY Police department Fire department Fire hydrants EMS Emergency management Dispatch & E911/PSAP Street lights Total		485,112 143,000 69,000 14,500 3,760 57,293 18,000 790,665				485,112 143,000 69,000 14,500 3,760 57,293 18,000 790,665		460,717 140,185 51,750 10,380 1,885 51,929 14,221 731,067		24,395 2,815 17,250 4,120 1,875 5,364 3,779 59,598
rotar		790,000		-		790,000		731,067		59,598
PUBLIC WORKS Public works Stormwater management Total	_	470,000 38,400 508,400		- -		470,000 38,400 508,400		457,049 29,534 486,583		12,951 8,866 21,817
		113,.00				220,.00		,		10
SANITATION										
S.R.S.W.T.S.		198,739		-		198,739		190,492		8,247
Total		198,739		-		198,739		190,492		8,247
RECREATION Sabattus Lake Dam Commission		2,000		-		2,000		2,000		-
Sabattus Mountaineers Snowmobile		1,650				1,650		1,463		187
Total		3,650		-		3,650		3,463		187

# SCHEDULE B (CONTINUED)

# TOWN OF SABATTUS, MAINE

# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS					
Capital projects funds:					
Municipal building facilities	125,395	-	125,395	125,395	-
Road reconstruction paving	190,175	-	190,175	190,175	-
Police dept equipment	15,000	-	15,000	15,000	-
Transfer station equipment	35,575	-	35,575	35,575	-
Fire dept equipment	62,900	-	62,900	62,900	-
Public works equipment	73,875		73,875	73,875	
Total	502,920	-	502,920	502,920	
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS					
School appropriations	3,600,191	-	3,600,191	3,600,191	-
Sabattus county tax	314,817		314,817	314,816	1
Total	3,915,008		3,915,008	3,915,007	1
OVERLAY/ABATEMENTS	77,833		77,833	8,174	69,659
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 7,040,506	\$ -	\$ 7,040,506	\$ 6,783,731	\$ 256,775

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Special		Capital				Total Nonmajor
	F	Revenue		Projects	Pe	rmanent		vernmental
	•	Funds		Funds	_	-unds		Funds
		T drid5		Turius		undo		1 dilas
ASSETS	•		•				•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investments		-				12,442		12,442
Due from other funds		321,862		838,351				1,160,213
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	321,862	\$	838,351	\$	12,442	\$	1,172,655
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	14,797	\$	5,293	\$		\$	20,090
TOTAL LIABILITIES	Ψ	14,797	Ψ	5,293	Ψ		Ψ	20,090
TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,737	$\overline{}$	3,293				20,090
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		12,442		12,442
Committed		321,862		-		-		321,862
Assigned		-		838,352		-		838,352
Unassigned		(14,797)		(5,293)		-		(20,090)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		307,065		833,059		12,442		1,152,566
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND								
BALANCES	\$	321,862	\$	838,352	\$	12,442	\$	1,172,656

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	F	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	_	rmanent Funds		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES	Φ	44 504	Φ	40 500	•		Φ	05 007
Intergovernmental Interest income	\$	41,501	\$	43,536	\$	24	\$	85,037 24
Other income		- 23,757		3,777		-		27,534
TOTAL REVENUES		65,258		47,313	$\overline{}$	24	_	112,595
TOTAL NEVEROLO		00,200		11,010	$\overline{}$			112,000
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		-		60,895				60,895
Debt service:								55,555
Principal		-		208,277		-		208,277
Interest		-		32,723		-		32,723
Other		27,835		4,750				32,585
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		27,835		306,645				334,480
EVOCA OF DEVENUES OVED								
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		07.400		(050,000)		0.4		(004.005)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		37,423	_	(259,332)		24_		(221,885)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in				502,920		_		502,920
Transfers (out)		(37,910)		-		-		(37,910)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(37,910)		502,920				465,010
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(487)		243,588		24		243,125
		00= ===		=00 t=:		10.115		222 44:
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		307,552		589,471		12,418		909,441
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	307,065	\$	833,059	\$	12,442	\$	1,152,566

# Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	T	Police raining bursement	Reim	ealth/PTO nbursement Plan	Fire Grant	Police Grants		Comprehensive Plan		Surplus Bids		Veterans Memorial Park	omeland Security 2016
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	50,056 50,056	\$	13,025 13,025	\$ 5,759 5,759	\$		\$	15,502 15,502	\$	3,550 3,550	\$ 2,362 2,362	\$ 6,606 6,606
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>.</u>	\$	11,885 11,885	\$		\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)  Nonspendable  Restricted		-		-							-	-	-
Committed Assigned Unassigned		50,056 - -		13,025	5,759 - -		- - (11,885)		15,502 - -		3,550 - -	2,362 - -	6,606 - -
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		50,056		13,025	 5,759		(11,885)		15,502		3,550	 2,362	 6,606
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	50,056	\$	13,025	\$ 5,759	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	15,502	\$	3,550	\$ 2,362	\$ 6,606

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Charter mmission	Webster Mill		Riley Road		General Assistance		MePERS Reimbursemen		 Police Forfeiture	Total
ASSETS  Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,422 1,422	\$	-	\$	4,265 4,265	\$	15,615 15,615	\$	196,213 196,213	\$ 7,487 7,487	\$ 321,862 321,862
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -	\$	2,912 2,912	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	<u>}</u>	\$	<u>.</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 14,797 14,797
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)  Nonspendable  Restricted  Committed	- - 1,422				- 4,265		- - 15,615	•	- - 196,213	- - 7,487	- - 321,862
Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 1,422		(2,912) (2,912)		4,265		15,615		196,213	 7,487	 (14,797) 307,065
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 1,422	\$	<u></u>	\$	4,265	\$	15,615	\$	196,213	\$ 7,487	\$ 321,862

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Tr	Police raining oursement	Reimb	lth/PTO oursement Plan	Fire Grant	Police Grants	Comprehensive Plan	Surplus Bids	Veterans Memorial Park	Homeland Security 2016
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other income TOTAL REVENUES	\$	24,000	\$	- - -	\$	\$ 17,051 - 17,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - 10,771 10,771
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES						17,529 17,529	-		-	4,165 4,165
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		24,000				(478)				6,606
Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				:		- - -	-	-	- - -	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		24,000				(478)	-	-	-	6,606
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JULY 1		26,056	_	13,025	5,759	 (11,407)	15,502	3,550	2,362	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30	\$	50,056	\$	13,025	\$ 5,759	\$ (11,885)	\$ 15,502	\$ 3,550	\$ 2,362	\$ 6,606

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Charter nmission	 Webster Mill	Riley Road		General Assistance		MePERS Reimbursement		Police Forfeiture	 Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other income	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	-	\$	450 - 450	\$	-	\$ - 12,986	\$ 41,501 23,757
TOTAL REVENUES		 		<del>-</del>	_	450			12,986	65,258
EXPENDITURES Other	 -	 			<u> </u>	642			5,499	 27,835
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 	 	_	- `	_	642		<u> </u>	5,499	27,835
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						(192)			7,487	 37,423
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)							(37,	- 910)	-	- (37,910)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-		-		-		910)	-	(37,910)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		·				(192)	(37,	910)	7,487	(487)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JULY 1	1,422	(2,912)		4,265		15,807	234,	123		 307,552
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30	\$ 1,422	\$ (2,912)	\$	4,265	\$	15,615	\$ 196,	213	\$ 7,487	\$ 307,065

### Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds. The projects also include significant purchases of vehicles and equipment, as well as the servicing of leases and bonds associated with those purchases. Projects are generally segregated by the related Town department managing the project.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	E	Police Dept quipment	<u>E</u>	Fire Dept Equipment	,	Public Works quipment	5	ransfer Station uipment	lunicipal Office quipment		owntown Project
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,587 4,587	\$	146,955 146,955	\$	127,158 127,158	\$	61,263 61,263	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ \$	523 523
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 5,293 5,293	\$	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)  Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned		- - - 4,587		- - - 146,955		- - 127,158		- - - 61,263	- - - -		- - - 523
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		4,587		146,955		127,158		61,263	(5,293) (5,293)		523
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	4,587	\$	146,955	\$	127,158	\$	61,263	\$ 	\$	523

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	;	ransfer Station acilities	Municipal Building Facilities	 Public Works Facilities	Fire epartment Facilities	Re	Road construction Paving	Pleasant Hill Rd.		Total
ASSETS  Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	53,162 53,162	\$ 28,844 28,844	\$ 70,401 70,401	\$ 9,608 9,608	\$	235,850 235,850	\$ 100,000	\$ \$	838,351 838,351
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	5,293 5,293
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)  Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		53,162	28,844	70,401	9,608		- - - 235,851	100,000		- - - 838,352 (5,293)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		53,162	28,844	70,401	9,608		235,851	100,000		833,059
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	53,162	\$ 28,844	\$ 70,401	\$ 9,608	\$	235,851	\$ 100,000	\$	838,352

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Police Dept Equipment	Fire Dept Equipment	Public Works Equipment	Transfer Station Equipment	Municipal Office Equipment	Downtown Project
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Other income	\$ - 2,620	\$ - 1,157	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL REVENUES	2,620	1,157	-		-	
	<u> </u>					
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Debt service:	3,488	11,847	-	13,690	-	-
Principal	-	5,888	48,389	_	-	-
Interest	-	288	5,485	-	-	-
Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	792 4,280	18,023	53,874	13,690	·	
				·		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,660)	(16,866)	(53,874)	(13,690)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	15,000	62,900	73,875	35,575	-	-
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	15,000	62,900	73,875	35,575	· <del></del>	
	10,000	02,000				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	13,340	46,034	20,001	21,885	-	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JULY 1	(8,753)	100,921	107,157	39,378	(5,293)	523
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30	\$ 4,587	\$ 146,955	\$ 127,158	\$ 61,263	\$ (5,293)	\$ 523

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Transfer Station Facilities	Municipal Building Facilities	Public Works Facilities	Fire Department Facilities	Road Reconstruction Paving	Pleasant Hill Rd.	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other income TOTAL REVENUES	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 43,536 - 43,536	\$ -	\$ 43,536 3,777 47,313
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay					31,870		60,895
Debt service: Principal	-	79,000			75,000	-	208,277
Interest Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	· ·	15,720		-	11,230 3,958 122,058	-	32,723 4,750 306,645
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(94,720)			(78,522)		(259,332)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		125,395		- -	190,175 -	<u>-</u>	502,920 -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	125,395		-	190,175		502,920
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		30,675	-	-	111,653	-	243,588
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JULY 1	53,162	(1,831)	70,401	9,608	124,198	100,000	589,471
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30	\$ 53,162	\$ 28,844	\$ 70,401	\$ 9,608	\$ 235,851	\$ 100,000	\$ 833,059

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

### Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Town of Sabattus, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. These funds have been established for various purposes including the provision and/or maintenance of the cemeteries.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	 Cemetery Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,442 12,442	\$	12,442 12,442
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	\$	<u>-</u> -
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	12,442 - - 12,442		12,442 - - 12,442
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 12,442	\$	12,442

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Cemetery Fund	Total
REVENUES Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 24 24	\$ 24 24
EXPENSES Cemetery expenses TOTAL EXPENSES	-	<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER EXPENDITURES)	24_	24
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	24	24
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	12,418	12,418
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 12,442	\$ 12,442

# **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.



# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2017

	Land and Non-depreciable Assets	Buildings, Building Improvements & Land Improvements	Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment & Vehicles	Infrastructure	Total
General Government Fire	\$ - -	\$ -	389,727	\$ -	\$ 19,570 389,727
Police Public Works Transfer Station	- - -		157,127 286,116 42,790	1,326,782 -	157,127 1,612,898 42,790
Town-wide	117,491	1,886,035	2,200,509		4,204,035
Total General Capital Assets  Less: Accumulated Depreciation	117,491	1,886,035 (859,062)	3,095,839 (2,355,493)	1,326,782 (104,345)	6,426,147 (3,318,900)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 117,491	\$ 1,026,973	\$ 740,346	\$ 1,222,437	\$ 3,107,247

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Capital			General Capital
	Assets			Assets
	7/1/16	Additions	Deletions	6/30/17
General Government	\$ 19,570	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,570
Fire	373,837	15,890	-	389,727
Police	123,598	33,529	_	157,127
Public Works	1,581,027	31,871	-	1,612,898
Transfer Station	29,100	13,690	-	42,790
Town-wide	4,204,035			4,204,035
Total General Capital Assets	6,331,167	94,980	-	6,426,147
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(3,124,855)	(194,045)		(3,318,900)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 3,206,312	\$ (99,065)	\$ -	\$ 3,107,247



#### **Proven Expertise and Integrity**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Selectmen Town of Sabattus Sabattus, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sabattus, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Sabattus, Maine's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2017.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Sabattus, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Sabattus, Maine's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Sabattus, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine December 12, 2017